



RAMAGYA SCHOOL, NOIDA
VII/SOCIAL STUDIES/2017-18
OLYMPIAD PRACTICE WORKSHEET

Q1. In which of the following years the Supreme Court of India asked all the state governments to implement mid-day meal scheme in their schools?

- (A) 2005
- (B) 2002
- (C) 2004
- (D) 2001
- (E) None of these

Q2. Who among the following revolted against Aurangzeb?

- (A) Prince Akbar
- (B) Prince Khurram
- (C) Prince Salim
- (D) Prince Babar
- (E) None of these

Q3. Bengal tigers are found in:

- (A) Mountains
- (B) Plateau region
- (C) Delta region
- (D) Great plains
- (E) None of these

Q4. Who first brought the teachings of the holy Quran to India?

- (A) Sufi saints
- (B) Mongols
- (C) Migrants and merchants
- (D) Shia Muslims
- (E) None of these

Q5. Which of the following plants store water in their leaves?

- (A) Bromeliads
- (B) Rafflesia
- (C) Banana
- (D) Banyan
- (E) None of these

Q6. The Sahara desert is also known as :

- (A) Al-Azizia
- (B) Al-Zazira
- (C) Al-Khela
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

Q7. Delhi first became the capital of a kingdom under:

- (A) Ghiyasuddin Balban
- (B) Tomara Rajputs
- (C) Qutbuddin Aybak
- (D) Prithviraj Chauhan
- (E) None of these

Q8. Decline of Mughal empire led to the emergence of :

- (A) British Rule
- (B) Tughluq Dynasty
- (C) Regional states
- (D) Lodhi Dynasty
- (E) None of these

Q9. Each state in India is divided into different areas for the purpose of election. These areas are known as:

- (A) Blocks
- (B) Constituencies
- (C) Assembles
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

Q10. In which of the following areas gender discrimination affects the women in India most?

- (A) Mistreatment
- (B) Malnutrition
- (C) Economic dependency
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these

Q11. Why igneous rocks are called primary rocks?

- (A) All the other rocks are formed from it.
- (B) It is the most widely used.
- (C) It is most abundantly found.
- (D) They are the store house of precious minerals.
- (E) None of these

Q12. The World Environment Day is celebrated on:

- (A) 19th July
- (B) 8th March
- (C) 15th May
- (D) 5th June
- (E) None of these

Q13. Which of the following is false?

- (A) According to UNICEF, more than two million children die every year in India from preventable infections.
- (B) India gets a large number of medical tourists from many countries.
- (C) We are not able to provide clean drinking water to all.
- (D) Half of all children in India do not get adequate food to eat and are undernourished.
- (E) None of these

Q14. Gopala was the founder of the

- (a) Pratihara dynasty
- (b) Chola dynasty
- (c) Pala dynasty
- (d) Rashtrakuta dynasty

Q15. A natural eco-system does not include

- (a) forest
- (b) lake
- (c) mountain
- (d) school

Q16. Which one of the following authors was often critical about rulers and their policies?

- (A) Banbhatta
- (B) Kalhana
- (C) Chander Bardai
- (D) Al-Biruni

Q17. This is not an example of a sedimentary rock

- (a) limestone
- (b) sandstone
- (c) granite
- (d) clay

Q18. The court poet of Prithviraj-3, Chandra Bardai has written a famous book

- (A) Pritvirajraso
- (B) Nishumbhasudini
- (C) Kitab-al-Hind
- (D) None of these

Q19. The Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen was adopted by the National Assembly in:

- (a) France
- (b) USA
- (c) England
- (d) New Zealand

Q20. Which of the following has been the people's movement for democracy in recent past?

- (A) Rose Revolution
- (B) Bulldozer Revolution
- (C) Tulip Revolution
- (D) All of these
- (E) None of these