



RAMAGYA SCHOOL, NOIDA
CLASS X/SOCIAL SCIENCE/2018-19
OLYMPIAD PRACTICE WORKSHEET

All questions are compulsory
There are 20 MCQ questions

Q.1- In which year Henry Patullo establish a Company?

- a. 1772
- b. 1775
- c. 1790
- d. 1770

Q.2- Which War caused new problems for Indian weavers?

- a. The American Civil War
- b. First world war
- c. Second world war
- d. None of these

Q.3- What was the causes led to decline of weaving industry in India?

- a. By the 1850s, export markets collapsed, local markets shrank
- b. The cheap, machine-produced goods of Manchester glutted the Indian market
- c. The civil war in America stopped cotton exports to Britain
- d. Both b and c

Q.4- When did the export of Indian yarn to China declined?

- a. 1906
- b. 1910
- c. 1915
- d. 1902

Q.5- What do you mean by 'fly shuttle'?

- a. A mechanical device, used by weavers, moved by means of ropes and pulleys
- b. A mechanical device which increased production in factories
- c. The device which places horizontal threads (the weft) into the vertical threads (the warp)
- d. Both a and c

Q.6- What were supply during the First World War from Indian factories?

- a. Jute bags and cloth for army uniforms
- b. Tents and leather boots
- c. Horse and mule saddles
- d. All of these

Q.7- What were the main interests of the European Managing Agencies, which dominated industrial production in India?

- a. High profitable production
- b. Tea and coffee plantations, acquiring land at cheap rates
- c. Investing in mining, indigo and jute required for export trade
- d. Both (a) and (b)

Q.8- Who produced music book that Dawn of the Century?

- a. New Comen
- b. James Watt
- c. E. T. Paul
- d. None of these

Q.9- Who created the cotton mill in England?

- a. Richard Arkwright
- b. James Watt

- c. Mathew Boulton
- d. None of these

Q.10- Which pre-colonial port connected India to the Gulf countries and the Red Sea ports?

- a. Bombay
- b. Hooghly
- c. Surat
- d. Machhalipatanam

Q11: We can obtain per capita income of a country by calculating:

- (a) the total income of a person
- (b) by dividing the national income by the total population of a country
- (c) the total value of all goods and services
- (d) the total exports of the country

Q12: Kerala has low infant Mortality Rate because:

- (a) it has good climate condition
- (b) it has adequate infrastructure
- (c) it has adequate provision of basic health and educational facilities
- (d) it has poor net attendance ratio

Q13: Human Development Index compares countries based on which of the following levels of the people?

- (a) education level
- (b) health status
- (c) per capita income
- (d) All of the above

Q14: What does infant mortality indicate?

- (a) Literate populatio in the 7 and above age
- (b) The number of children that die before the age of one year as a proportion of 1000 live children.
- (c) The total number of children attending the school.
- (d) The number of children born in a year.

Q15: According to the World Bank, the criterion used to classify countries with the income of Rs. 4,53,000 per annum and above in 2004 is considered as:

- (a) Low income countries
- (b) Rich countries
- (c) Average countries
- (d) Underdeveloped countries

Q16: Which of the following things money cannot buy?

- (a) Building
- (b) Flowers
- (c) Pollution free environment
- (d) Books

Q17: Which one of the following is not a measure of development in the Human Development Report of the UNDP?

- (a) Per capita income in US\$
- (b) Education Levels of the people
- (c) Body Mass Index

(d) Life expectancy at birth

Q18: In which state in India is the infant mortality rate lowest?

- (a) Kerala
- (b) Bihar
- (c) Uttar Pradesh
- (d) Punjab

Q19: BMI(Body Mass Index) is a method of finding out which of the following?

- (a) Infant Mortality
- (b) Health status
- (c) Longevity
- (d) Economic Status

Q20: Which of the following neighbours of India ranks higher on the Human Development Index?

- (a) Nepal
- (b) Sri Lanka
- (c) Bhutan
- (d) Pakistan