



**RAMAGYA SCHOOL,NOIDA**  
**CLASS X/SOCIAL SCIENCE/2018-19**  
**OLYMPIAD PRACTICE WORKSHEET**

**All questions are compulsory**

**There are 20 MCQ questions**

Q.1. Which of the following data shows the percentage of global precipitation that is received by India?

- (a) 96.5 per cent
- (b) 30 per cent
- (c) 4 per cent
- (d) 2.5 per cent.

Q.2. Which of the following areas would you immediately associate with water scarcity?

- (a) Deserts of Rajasthan
- (b) The Ganga plains
- (c) Hills of North Eastern India
- (d) Coastal areas of Orissa.

Q.3. Which of the following is a reason for water scarcity in a region with sufficient water to meet there requirements of the people?

- (a) Huge population
- (b) less rainfall
- (c) Power requirement
- (d) Pollutions.

Q.4. Which of the following contributes approximately 22 per cent of the total electricity produced in India today?

- (a) Solar power
- (b) Hydroelectric power
- (c) Industries
- (d) Geothermal energy.

Q.5. Which of the following problems arises due to water pollution?

- (a) Sedimentation of water bodies
- (b) Water/borne diseases
- (c) Discharge of industrial waste
- (d) Spawning of aquatic life.

Q6. Which of the following is associated with the Civil Rights movement in the U.S.A. (1954-1968) ?

- (a)Abolishing legal racial discrimination against African Americans.
- (b)Abolishing unequal income distribution.
- (c)Health
- (d)Education

Q7. Which type of social diversity or division do we find in Belgium ?

- (a) Religious
- (b) Linguistic
- (c) Regional
- (d) Gender

Q8. Which one of the following refers to The Black Power Movement (1966-75)' in USA ?

- (a) A non violent reform movement.
- (b) The American freedom movement.
- (c) A more militant anti-racist movement.
- (d) A religious movement.

Q9. What is not the basis of social divisions in India ?

- (a) Language
- (b) Health
- (c) Region
- (d) Caste

Q10. Which one of the following is the most important origin of social differences ?

- (a) Accident of birth
- (b) Physical abilities
- (c) Kinds of Complexion
- (d) Tall or Short

Q11. Which one of the following is the representative political parties of the Catholics in Northern Ireland ?

- (a) Nationalist Parties
- (b) Unionist
- (c) Democratic Party
- (d) Labour Party

Q12. When was hand printing technology brought to Japan?

- a. AD 768-770
- b. AD 850-855
- c. AD 659-670
- d. AD 780-790

Q13. Who was known for an art form called ukiyo?

- a. Chinz ho
- b. Kitagawa Utamaro
- c. Gutenberg
- d. None of these

Q14. When did the Chinese start hand printing?

- a. From AD 550 onwards
- b. From AD 563 onwards
- c. From AD 575 onwards
- d. From AD 594 onwards

Q15. What do you mean by the term 'Calligraph'?

- a. The art of beautiful printing
- b. The art of beautiful hand printing
- c. The art of beautiful and stylised writing
- d. None of these

Q16. In which countries the earliest kind of print technology was developed?

- a. China
- b. Japan
- c. Korea
- d. All of the above

Q17. Who was Kitagawa Utamaro?

- a. A Japanese artist
- b. An Indian artist
- c. An Korean artist
- d. None of these

Q18. How did the production of manuscripts become possible in Europe?

- a. Paper reached Europe via the Arab world
- b. Chinese paper reached Europe via the silk route
- c. The Europeans discovered paper
- d. None of these

Q19. Who was the first to use wood-block printing?

- a. Indian
- b. French
- c. Spaniards
- d. None of these

Q20. What do you mean by term 'Compositor'?

- a. A person who composes poem
- b. A person who composes the text for printing
- c. A person who composes music
- d. None of these